

Cybersecurity Resources for Community Banks



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Contents

Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC)	2
Cybersecurity Infrastructure and Security Agency (CISA).....	2
United States Treasury’s Project Fortress	2
Cybersecurity Self-Assessment Tools.....	3
Supervision and Regulation Letters.....	4
Community Banking Connections.....	5
Ask the Fed®	5
The Supervision Contact System.....	6
The Emergency Communications System.....	6
Law Enforcement Contact Information.....	7



Potential Sources of Information

Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC)

FFIEC members are taking a number of initiatives to raise the awareness of financial institutions and their third-party service providers with respect to cybersecurity risks and the need to identify, assess, and mitigate these risks in light of the increasing volume and sophistication of cyber threats.

Content:

The referenced resource guides and alerts pertain to cybersecurity awareness and various joint agency statements.

Notifications:

To sign-up for alerts (notifications) from this site, [click here](#).

FFIEC resources related to cybersecurity:

- [Cybersecurity Awareness Webpage](#)
- [Cybersecurity Assessment Tool Sunset Statement](#)
- [FFIEC Cybersecurity Resource Guide for Financial Institutions](#)
- [FFIEC Statement on Security in a Cloud Computing Environment](#)
- [FFIEC IT Examination Handbook](#)

Cybersecurity Infrastructure and Security Agency (CISA)

CISA is the operational lead for federal cybersecurity and the national coordinator for critical infrastructure security and resilience. CISA is designed for collaboration and partnership with a mission to reduce risk to the nation's cyber and physical infrastructure.

Content:

The programs and services offered by CISA seek to help organizations better manage risk and increase resilience using all available resources.

Notifications:

To sign-up for alerts (notifications) from this site, [click here](#).

CISA cybersecurity resources and services:

- [Cyber Hygiene Services](#)
- [Free Cybersecurity Services and Tools](#)
- [Tabletop Exercise Packages](#)

United States Treasury's Project Fortress

U.S. Department of the Treasury established Project Fortress to improve the security and resilience of the financial services sector through forward-leaning public-private information sharing mechanisms. Project Fortress includes a mix of proactive defensive and offensive measures to help secure the financial sector. For more information, please see the [brochure](#).



Cybersecurity Self-Assessment Tools

National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

NIST is part of the U.S. Department of Commerce. NIST developed the Cybersecurity Framework which provides guidance to industry, government agencies, and other organizations to manage cybersecurity risks.

[NIST Cybersecurity Framework](#)

Center for Internet Security (CIS)

CIS is an independent, nonprofit organization. CIS developed the Critical Security Controls (CIS Controls) as a prescriptive, prioritized, and simplified set of cybersecurity posture best practices.

[CIS Controls](#)

CISA

CISA developed the Cross-Sector Cybersecurity Performance Goals (CPGs) which are a subset of cybersecurity practices, selected through a thorough process of industry, government, and expert consultation, aimed at meaningfully reducing risks to both critical infrastructure operations and the American people. Financial Services Sector-Specific Goals are expected to be released soon.

[CISA CPGs](#)

Cyber Risk Institute (CRI)

CRI is a not-for-profit coalition of financial institutions and trade associations. CRI developed the Cyber Profile as a global standard for cyber risk assessment. It consists of a list of assessment questions based on the intersection of global regulations and cyber standards, such as International Organization for Standardization and NIST.

[CRI Cyber Profile](#)



Federal Reserve

Supervision and Regulation Letters

Supervision and Regulation Letters, commonly known as SR Letters, address significant policy and procedural matters related to the Federal Reserve System's supervisory responsibilities.

Content:

SR letters cover a variety of topics including: Information Technology Guidance, Information Technology Examination Process, Cybersecurity, Business Continuity/Disaster Recovery and Operational Resilience.

Notifications:

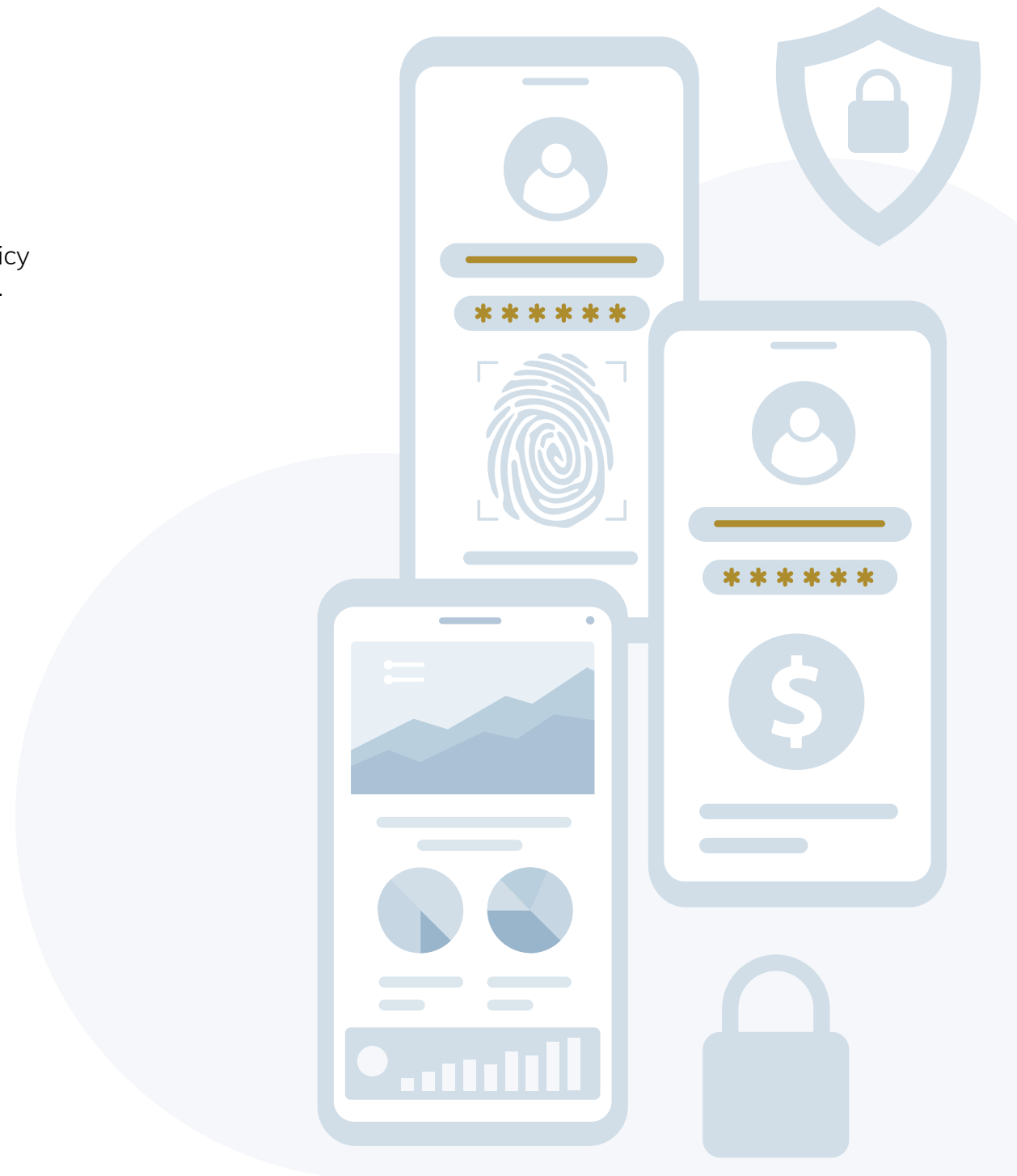
Active SR letters are listed [here](#) in reverse chronological order. Additionally, topical supervisory policy and guidance is located on the [Information Technology Guidance](#) webpage.

SR Letters related to cybersecurity:

- [SR 24-7](#): FFIEC Cybersecurity Assessment Tool Sunset Statement
- [SR 22-4](#): Contact Information in Relation to Computer-Security Incident Notification Requirements
- [SR 21-14](#): Authentication and Access to Financial Institution Services and Systems
- [SR 05-23](#): Interagency Guidance on Response Programs for Unauthorized Access to Customer Information and Customer Notice
- [SR 01-15](#): Standards for Safeguarding Customer Information

Federal Reserve webpages of interest:

- [Operational Resilience](#)
- [Cybersecurity and Operational Resilience](#)



Federal Reserve

Community Banking Connections

[Community Banking Connections](#) is a source for information on guidance, resources, and tools that help community banks across the United States.

Content:

Information Technology, Information Security and Cybersecurity specific topics are often covered.

To search for past articles on these topics, select “Archives” and “View Articles by Topic”.

Notifications:

To subscribe to Community Banking Connections for notifications, [click here](#).

Community Banking Connections articles related to cybersecurity:

- [Security in the Cloud: A Discussion with the Regulators](#)
- [2024 Midwest Cyber Workshop Recap](#)
- [Ransomware: A Multifaceted Menace](#)
- [Ransomware Defense: A Discussion with the Regulators](#)
- [Endpoint Security: On the Frontline of Cyber Risk](#)
- [Maintaining Strong Cybersecurity Controls is Imperative as Online Threats Increase](#)
- [Notifying Primary Federal Regulators About Computer-Security Incidents](#)

Ask the Fed[®]

[Ask the Fed[®]](#) is a program for officials of banks and bankers’ associations to address new or important regulatory issues or supervisory guidance.

Content:

For past Information Technology content select the “All Calls” tab.

Notifications:

To register for an account, [click here](#).

Ask the Fed sessions related to cybersecurity:

- [Sunset of the FFIEC CAT Session 2: A Discussion with the Cyber Risk Institute \(CRI\) \(April 2025\)](#)
- [Sunset of the FFIEC CAT Session 1: A Discussion with the Center for Internet Security \(CIS\) \(March 2025\)](#)
- [Insights with the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency \(CISA\) Part II \(December 2024\)](#)
- [Insights with the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency \(CISA\) \(February 2024\)](#)
- [Maturing Your IT Risk Management and Governance Framework \(December 2022\)](#)
- [Ask the Regulators: Computer-Security Incident Notification Rule \(April 2022\)](#)
- For more information about Ask the Fed: Questions@AsktheFed.org

Federal Reserve

The Supervision Contact System

The Supervision Contact System (SCS) is used by the Federal Reserve Bank (FRB) supervision functions to communicate Board of Governors supervisory guidance and other information in a timely manner to the financial institutions they supervise.

Content:

SCS is used primarily to distribute information needed by financial institutions within the scope of the FRB's supervision. Such regulatory information includes SR letters, Consumer Affairs letters, and other supervisory guidance.

Notifications:

Individuals from supervised institutions create a profile on the [SCS website](#) (a secure website hosted by the FRB of St. Louis) and follow the prompts on [Login.gov](#).

If you have any questions, please contact the SCS Support Center at: 855-727-5919 or supervision.contact@stls.frb.org.

The Emergency Communications System

The Emergency Communications System (ECS) is a free service that is a means for state supervisory agencies and FRB supervision functions to communicate with financial institutions they regulate in an emergency situation.

Content:

ECS is only used to contact institutions during real emergencies and during semiannual tests. The following situations might necessitate the use of ECS:

- Natural disasters
- Man-made disasters: Chemical biological events or threats
- Events affecting the financial markets
- Cyber events

Notifications:

Individuals from supervised institutions create a profile on the [ECS website](#) (a secure website hosted by the FRB of St. Louis) and follow the prompts on [Login.gov](#).

If you have any questions, please contact the ECS Support Center at: 855-327-5333 or ecs.support@stls.frb.org.

*Institutions should add Frb.org and Stls.frb.org email domains to their safe-sender list to ensure receipt of SCS and ECS communications.



Law Enforcement Contact Information

Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) has 55 field offices (also called divisions) centrally located in major metropolitan areas across the U.S. and Puerto Rico. Field offices carry out investigations, assess local and regional crime threats, and work closely with partners on cases and operations.

[Contact](#)

[Field Offices](#)

The United States Secret Service

With local field offices across the US, the Secret Service also has a Cyber Fraud Task Force staffed with special agents, technical experts, and forensic analysts.

[Field Offices Contact](#)

