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WITH THE ST. LOUIS FED



FEDERAL RESERVE BANK of ST. LOUIS  
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**April 18, 2018**

10:30AM to 11:15AM CST

# The “New Normal” of Liquidity: Current Environment, Funding Sources and Examination Expectations

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# Today's Presenters

- **Julie Stackhouse**  
*Executive Vice President*  
**Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis**
- **Scott B. Smith**  
*Assistant Vice President*  
**Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis**
- **Kathryn Loesch**  
*Senior Examiner*  
**Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis**



# Disclaimer

The opinions expressed in the presentations are intended for informational purposes, and are not formal opinions of, nor binding on the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis or the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.



# Objectives

- Address concerns expressed by bankers with respect to funding and the emphasis of regulators on liquidity risk management
- Discuss regulatory expectations - SR 10-6 - Interagency Policy Statement on Funding and Liquidity Risk Management (March 17, 2010)
- Review recent “Lessons Learned” through day-to-day supervision and bank failures
- Summarize today’s discussion
- Take your questions

# What Bankers are Saying

## Community Depository Institutions Advisory Council

- 12 executives of various community financial institutions
- Meets twice a year to discuss banking, credit, and economic issues

# What Bankers are Saying

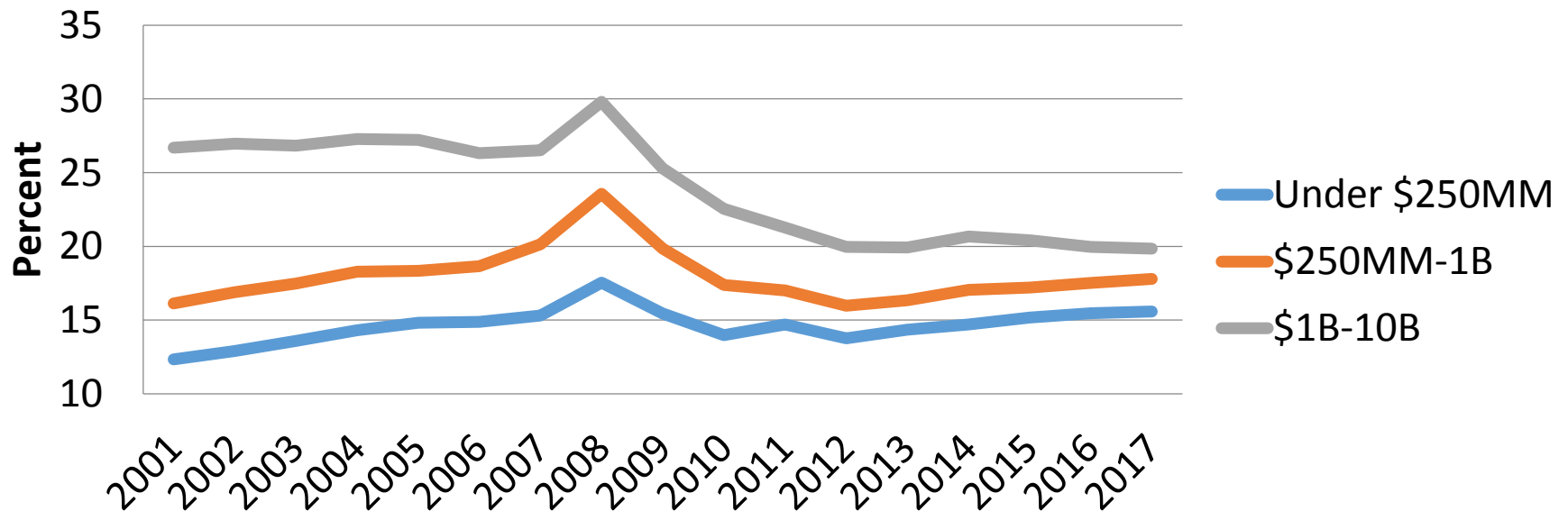
## **Comments from our Community Depository Institutions Advisory Council**

1. Deposits are the “number one” problem facing community banks.
  - Growing slowly, or contracting, as consumers prefer alternative investments with higher yields
  - Worry that these consumers “are not coming back”
  - Exodus constrains growth, is “not good for small business lending” and constitutes a long-term “strategic” concern
2. Intense rate competition exists in some markets.
3. The struggles of community banks to maintain deposits are not limited to issues with rates.
4. Council members noted that with diminishing core deposits, regulators will need to gain comfort with alternative funding sources as the “new normal.”



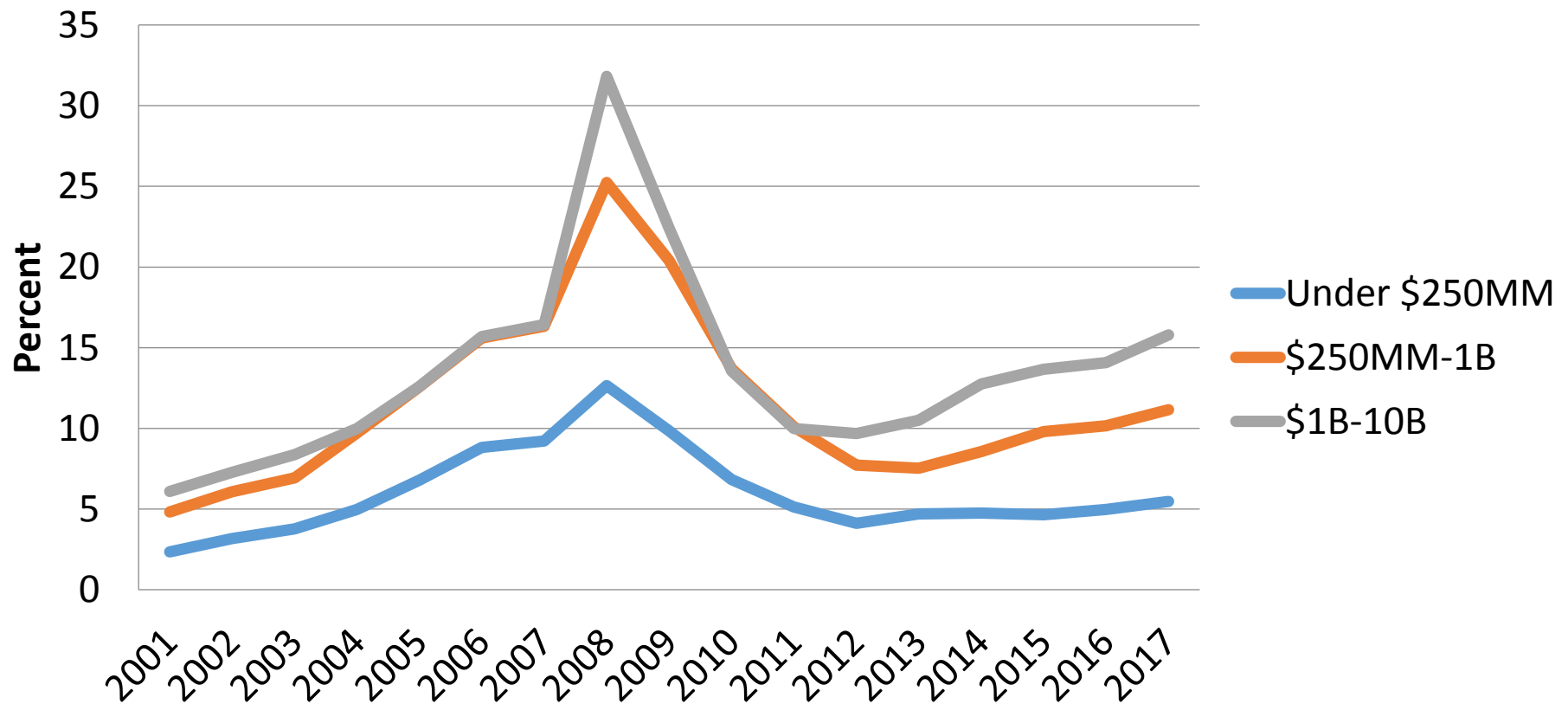
# Trends - Wholesale Funding to Total Assets

***Wholesale funding usage becoming more prevalent at institutions below \$1 billion in assets***



# Trends - Brokered Deposits > 10% of Assets

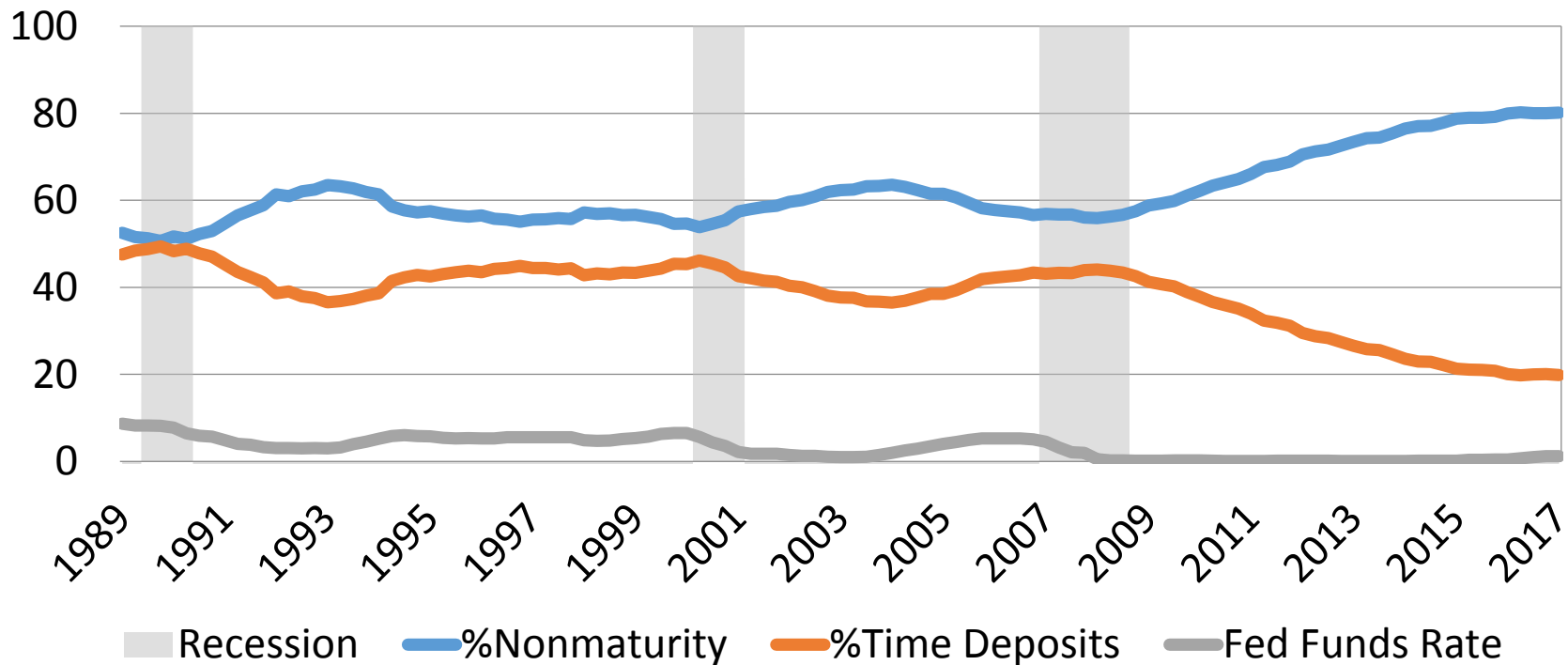
*Brokered deposit usage increasing as deposit market tightens*



# Spread Between Non-maturity Deposits and Time Deposits is Wider Than Ever

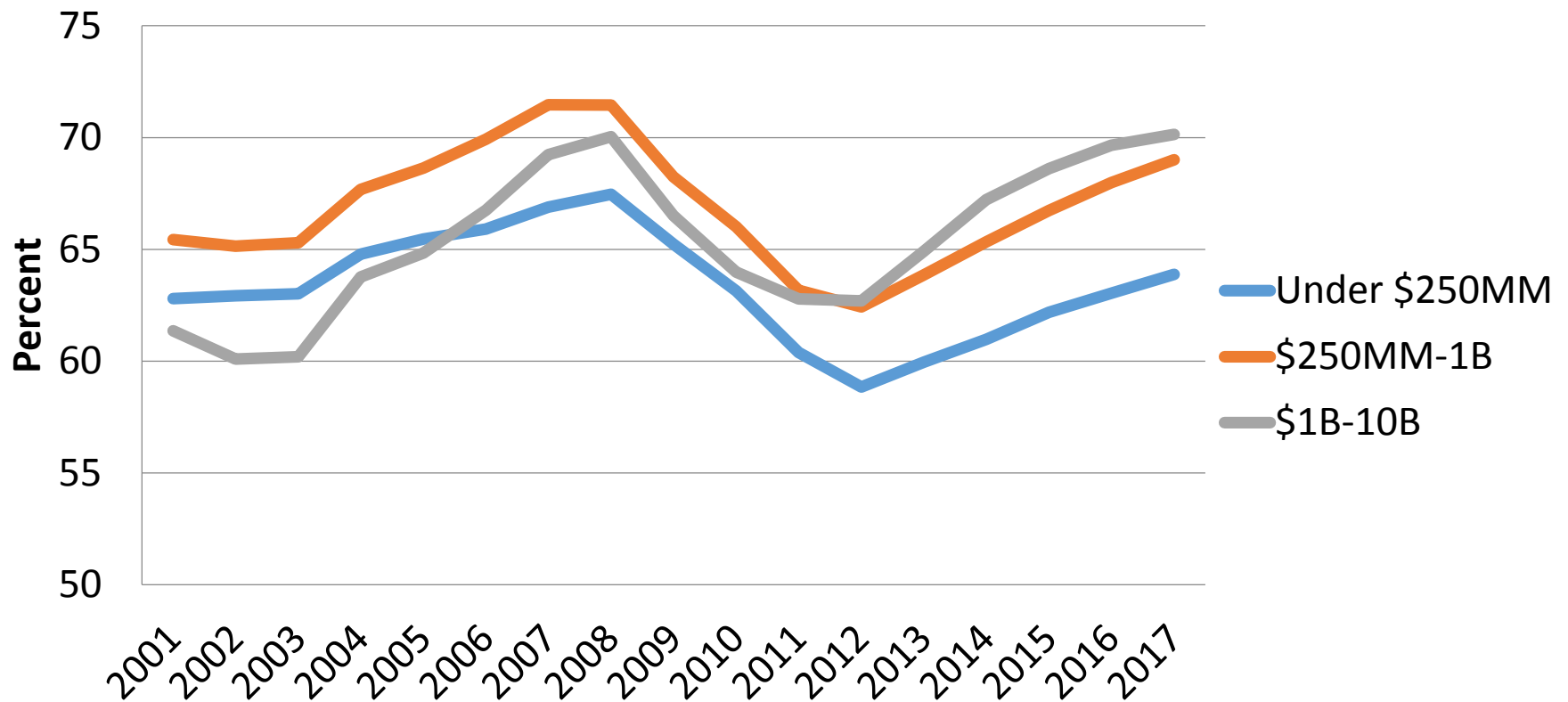
Banks Under \$10 Billion in 2017 Dollars

***Non-maturity deposits are funding a greater percentage of assets***



# Trends - Loans to Assets

**Total loans and leases on the rise after retreating post-crisis**



# Regulatory Outreach on Liquidity

## **11/6/17 Interagency Call –**

## **Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Comptroller of the Currency, Federal Reserve System, Conference of State Bank Supervisors**

- Ongoing emphasis on regulatory outreach
- Not discouraging use of noncore funding, but focusing on regulatory expectations
- Highest concern is when noncore funding is used for rapid loan growth

**Regulatory  
Expectations  
of Liquidity  
Risk  
Management**

# The Five Pillars

- Cushion of Liquid Assets
- Diversified Funding Sources
- Cash Flow Projections
- Stress Testing
- Contingency Funding Plan

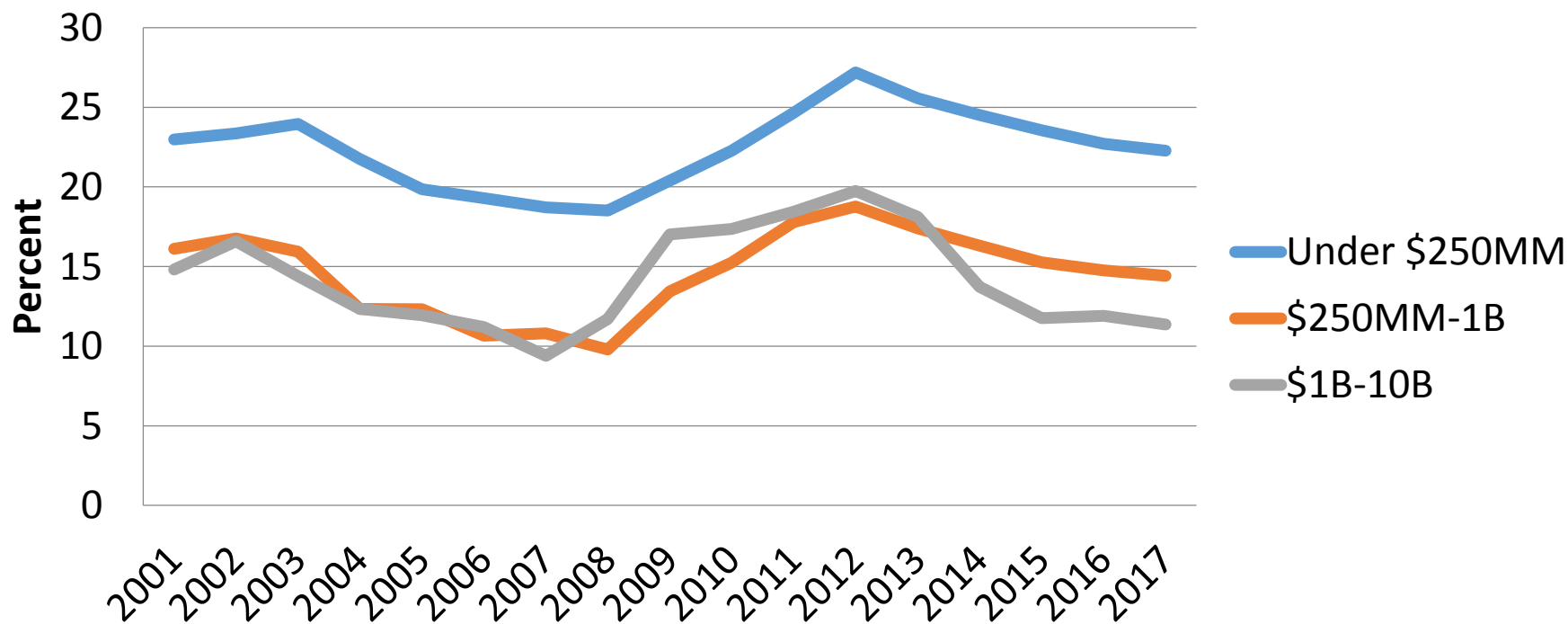
# Cushion of Liquid Assets

Eighth District Banks

**First line of liquidity defense**

**No legal, regulatory or operational impediments**

Liquid Assets<sup>1</sup> to Total Assets



# Diversified Funding Sources

- Core Deposits
- Stable versus Nonstable
- Brokered /Listing Service/High Interest Accounts
- Laddering Maturities



# Cash Flow Projections

- Appropriate Time Horizons
- Realistic and Institution-Specific Assumptions
  - Customer behavior
  - Options
  - Seasonality
  - Growth / funding off-balance sheet

# Stress Testing

- High Probability, Low Impact Scenarios

Examples:

- Unexpected funding of off-balance sheet items
- Large depositor run-off

- Low Probability, High Impact Scenarios

Examples:

- Capital downgrade
- Major economic event

# Contingency Funding Plan

- Liquidity Event Management Process
  - Roles and responsibilities
  - Early warning indicators or triggers
- Testing
  - Should test all aspects

Funding and  
Liquidity  
Impact of  
PCA  
Restrictions

# Prompt Corrective Action (PCA)

- Main restrictions
  - Brokered deposit restriction
  - Limits on deposit rates that can be offered



# Conclusions

- Interagency guidance covers all banks
- Strongest expectations are for banks using noncore funding for rapid growth or expansion of risky lending segments
- Sets a higher bar both for bankers and for examiners

# Questions

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# References

[Interagency Policy Statement on Funding and Liquidity Risk Management](#)

[Contingency Funding Plan: Banking Busywork or Essential Management Tool?](#)

[Navigating the Great Deposit Migration Through Interest Rate Risk Modeling](#)

[Interagency Liquidity Call November 2017 – Transcript](#)

[FDIC National Rates and Rate Caps](#)